R. HARRIS & CO. no boare

Diamonds: Engagement Rings.

Sounds incredible-yet it's so. We'll back our reputation against it! Twenty-five years of diamond selling is a schooling worth heaps.

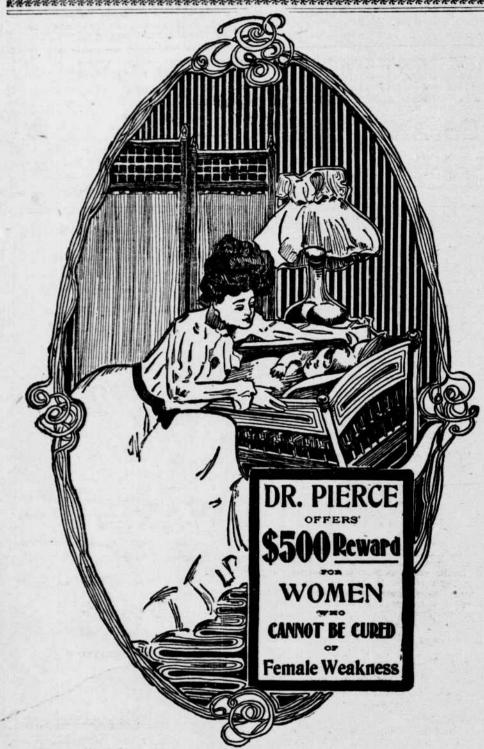
A thorough study of the diamond situation revealed to us the present inevitable raise in valuation long before it actually transpired.

We bought then—bought largely—paid the old-scale prices - and now, when twenty-five per cent has been added to their worth, we can sell at the former quotations-one-fourth less than stones of such brilliancy can be secured elsewhere.

That Diamond Engagement Ring at this

saving.

R. HARRIS & CO., Corner 7th and D Streets.



"The Hand That Rocks Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buf-The Cradle Rules The World."

MOTHER'S love starts a man or woman on the right path. The right remedy at the right time fits a mother for the ordeal. Motherhood is often looked! forward to with feelings of great dread by most women. At such a time when she is nervous, dyspeptic, irritable and in need of a uterine tonic-something which will calm the nervous system through the special organs, and a strength builder, she will find Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription just what is needed. Here is a medicine that has stood the test of a third of a century with approval, in that time it has sold more largely than any other remedy put up specially for woman's weaknesses. It is guaranteed by the proprietors not to contain a particle of alcohol-which could only do harm to a sensitive system.

WHY WOMEN SHOULD CONFIDE IN A MAN.

It is much easier for a woman to confide in the average man than in the average woman. She knows that the man will respect her confidences and keep them to himseif. He is strong, has more experience of the world and can help the woman who needs advice. Without a perfect medical understanding there can be no helpful advice, women should not trust their delicate constitutions in the hands of unskilled persons. It requires a thorough medical education to appreciate and understand the womanly organism. When a woman has ills and pains that she cannot bear-when life seems dark for every woman, she should confide her troubles to a physician of standing in the community, or one who has a national reputation. Certainly it would not be the part of wisdom to confide in an ignorant person without medical education simply because she was a woman. There is every reason why she should write to some great specialist, one who has made the diseases of women a specialty the diseases of women a specialty like Dr. R. The Common Sense Medical IV.

"Should we adopt the plan now proposed, the question of organic union of these churches still remains for future decision. If time or experience should prove that organic union is undestrable, it will be practicable to decline to move further in this disease. was a woman. There is every reafor a third of a century, like Dr. R. ered 21 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. V. Pierce, founder of the Invalids' Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

suddenly mad last night at Union Hill, N. J., and before it could be cornered and killed succeeded in seriously biting two men and a twelve-year-old girl. The dog tained through the want columns of The was owned by Henry K. Miller, a hotel Star.

SINGLE AND MARRIED WOMEN

family physician. In such a case they can put perfect confidence in Dr. Pierce, who has made such a success in the treatment of women's diseases, for he will give the very church problem. success in the treatment of women's diseases, for he will give the very best advice possible and without cost. To grow beautiful, healthy and happy should be the desire of every woman. It is then possible to hold a husband and to make home happy and bring contentment to it. In most cases Dr. R. V. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will fit the needs and put the body in healthy condition.

dent was read. Fully half of Dr. stephens address had to do with this important church problem.

From President Stephens' recommendations, which in part reflected the views of a committee which had reported on the proposition, it appears that the extent of the movement is "connectionalism," which, said he, would not necessitate a closer union. The creation of a council composed of representatives of the three churches and having an advisory capacity is the form of the co-operative plan, as introduced in the general convention by Dr. Stephens. This, he declared, need not cause any change whatever in the individual organizations of the respective denominations.

So sure of it is the World's Dispensary Medical Association of Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that they offer

A \$500 REWARD

Leucorrhea, Female Weakness,
Prolapsus or Falling of Womb. All
they ask is a fair and reasonable
trial of their means of cure.

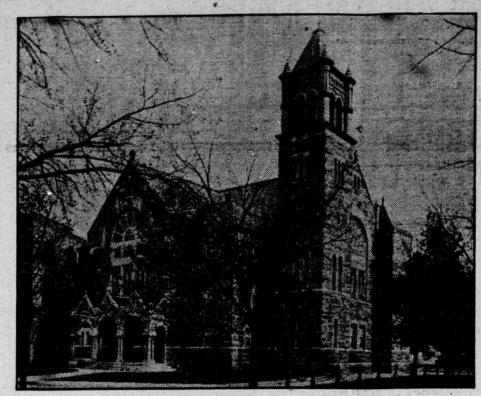
Committee upon the feasibility of union
between the Congregational and Methodist
Protestant churches.

"A short time later I received a communication from a committee of the United
Brethren Church making a similar re-

tion restores weak and sick women to sound health, by curing the local churches met in Pittsburg, Pa., and after womanly diseases which are gener-aily responsible for the failure of the general health. A woman's entire follow. "While the committee from the Methodist being is centered in her womanly Protestant Church was clothed with no official authority, it included some of the nature. When the delicate womanly official authority, it included some of the representative men of the denomination. Organism is attacked by disease; The report of this committee will no doubt of appetite and sleeplessness.

Read all about yourself, your system, the physiology of life, anatomy, hygiene, simple home cures, etc., in

A St. Bernard dog valued at \$1,700 became keeper, and had been purchased only three



NORTH CAROLINA AVENUE M. P. CHURCH.

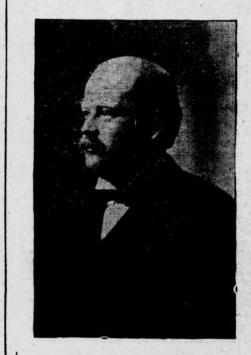
Theme Discussed at M. P. General Conference.

ADDRESS AT OPENING

PRESIDENT EXPLAINS PROPOSI-TION TO BE CONSIDERED.

Creation of Council, Representing Three Denominations, With Advisory Powers-Policies Outlined.

nineteenth quadrennial session of the general conference of the Methodist Protestant Church in the United States opened at 10 o'clock this morning in the auditorium of the North Carolina Avenue Methodist Protestant Church, corner of 8th and B streets southeast. The members, numbering over 200, were called



to order by the retiring president, Rev. D. 3. Stephens, D. D., of Kansas City, Kan., chancellor of the University of Kansas. Attracted by the probability of hearing the views of President Stephens on the profalo, N. Y. All correspondence is posed co-operation or union of the Methoheld sacredly confidential, and he dist Protestant, Congregational and United gives his advice free and without Brethren denominations, many visitors were present this morning, the pews on the main floor and in the galleries being

This matter of union was introduced in Very often find that it is repugnant to their feelings to consult their

President Stephens' Address. President Stephens said in part:

"About eighteen months ago I received a communication from Dr. Wm. Hayes Ward, chairman of a committee appointed by the national council of the Congregational churches upon the subject of church union. Dr. Ward requested that I should For women who cannot be cured of appoint a committee to confer with his

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip quest.

"As a result of the negotiations thus be-

when there is irregularity or a disagreeable drain; when inflammation burns and ulcers gnaw, the general health will reflect the progress of disease, in increasing weakness, nervousness, backache, headache, loss of appetite and sleeplessness.

The report of this committee will no doubt come before the general conference for its consideration. While the basis for the co-operation of the churches keeps in view the possibility of future organic union, the only phase of the subject that will come before this body for immediate consideration is the plan proposed for joint co-operation of the three churches in a general council that shall have an advisory relation to the three bodies. Otherwise, the churches will remain as they now are, if this plan will remain as they now are, if this plan

is adopted.

"It is anticipated that the acquaintance and fellowship thus fostered may result at some future time in further steps toward organic union. It is important, however, to note that this plan does not precipitate upon us the quarter of immediator

cable to decline to move further in this direction, should we so desire.

"There are many things that can be said in favor of a union of ecclesiastical forces. Christ's last prayer on earth was that His followers might be made perfect in one. The trend of the age is toward solidarity of organization. Economy of the working forces of the church would thereby be promoted.

"But as desirable as church union may of the working of the working forces, the church would be promoted."

B. F. Jarrell.

Texas—Ministerial, W. L. Fagg, J. D. of title to the land will particular to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land will particular to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land will particular to the land will particular to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land will particular to the land will particular to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land will particular to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of title to the land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25, to of the damentary land taken from lot 25

seem. I cannot think it worth striving for until it becomes the expression of a vital organizing spiritual impulse. "All true union must be wrought out by a

Unity of Spirit.

"The unity for which Christ prayed was the unity of the spirit-a unity wrought out by a dominating life force. It was a unity that is expressed, not in aggregation, but in integration. Ecclesiastical aggregation may have charms for minds that delight in mere hugeness, but no lasting good will follow where there is not vital and spiritual unity. Kinship in spiritual life is the only guarantee of true unity. A common enthusiasm, a consuming inspiration alone can produce that unity which will be the answer to Christ's prayer.

"If these three churches are animated by

a common spiritual aim, organic union will be easy and natural. No matter how far apart they may be in usage, in historical origin or in religious ceremonial, a dominating spiritual purpose will soon make them one. But if they are uncongenial in spiritual purpose, no amount of ecclesias-tical patchwork will ever bring them into

useful combination.
"The situation that is presented to us as a church is calculated to awaken thoughtfulness. It precipitates the question as to how tenaciously we should cling to our denominational identity. It furnishes occasion for reviewing the reasons for our denominational existence, and taking stock of the aims of our organic life.

of the aims of our organic life.
"It occasions the inquiry whether the spiritual impulses which called us into existence as a church have been realized, or istence as a church have been realized, or whether the time has come when these impulses should be merged in some larger purpose. We are led to ask ourselves, Have we anything distinctive as a church for the preservation of which we should contend? "To answer such a question we must make a clear distinction between that which is vital and therefore essential, and that which is due to the accident of environment and time."

Policies Outlined.

The address outlined in detail the policies of the church in the past. It also included a statement of favorable conditions in the church body. Missionary progress was urged, and the publishing interests of the church reviewed. The president recommended that measures be taken to unify the educational institutions of the denomination. Explicitly, he recommended the creation of an educational board to act in an advisory capacity to the various schools and institutions under directors of the

Following the address of the retiring president, Secretary H. L. Elderdice of Westminster, Md., called the roll of delegates.

President Stephens then appointed the following committee on credentials: Rev. T. M. Johnson, North Carolina; Rev. Dr. S. J.

Geddes, Iowa; Rev. Dr. Joseph Watson, West Virginia. The members discussed in detail several echnical points of the rules of the conference, the purpose being to insure the better handling of business.

Representatives of Conferences. The list of delegates to the conference i

s follows: Alabama-Ministerial, J. P. Morgan, J. T. Howell, T. M. McGraw; lay, T. H. Crenshaw, W. A. Rucker. Arkansas-Ministerial, W. F. Wingfield,

F. Nesbit; lay, T. T. Lowe, S. B. Kelley. Central Texas-Ministerial, G. W. Sanders; lay, Albert Clayton. Colorado-Texas—Ministerial, G. B. Lane

ay, J. L. Hoover. Genessee—Ministerial, S. E. Matthews; lay Georgia—Ministerial, J. McD. Radford, R. S. McGarity; lay, W. C. Adamson, J. J.

Barge. Indiana—Ministerial, W. W. Lineberry, Indiana—Ministeriai, W. W. Lineberry, J. Z. McCain, W. H. Green, J. R. Lenhart, M. F. Iliff; lay, Hiram Horn, E. E. Massey, Rufus Williams, J. M. Eades, G. C. Shirley, Indiana Mission—Ministerial, J. M. Lentz; ay, A. L. Shackelford. Iowa—Ministerial, S. J. Geddes, E. S.

Brown; lay, G. W. Newell, J. W. Murphy. Kansas-Ministerial, R. T. Tyson; lay, A Leary. Kentucky—Ministerial, C. H. Garrison Louisiana-Ministerial, W. M. D. Gaar,

E. Gear; lay, A. W. Stewart, A. T. Nel-

Maryland—Ministerial, F. T. Little, T. H. Lewis, F. T. Tagg, H. L. Eiderdice, J. D. Kinzer, W. R. Graham, J. M. Holmes, W. M. Strayer, J. M. Gill, J. W. Kirk, J. L. M. Strayer, J. M. Gill, J. W. Kirk, J. L. Mills, S. B. Tredway; lay, J. W. Hering, T. P. Fisher, Daniel Baker, T. A. Murray, G. T. Atkinson, E. S. Adkins, J. H. Roberts, C. A. Benjamin, E. B. Fenby, J. G. Coleman, J. N. Warfield, R. M. Price.

Michigan—Ministerial, J. W. Gray, J. W. Will; lay, F. A. Grinnell, Byron, Jennings Will; lay, F. A. Grinnell. Byron Jennings. Mississippi—Ministerial: W. W. Ridgway.

L. Scarboro. Lay: J. J. Bradford, J. J. Kelley. Muskingum—Ministerial: M. L. Jennings,

Muskingum—Ministeriai: M. L. Jennings, A. Selby, C. E. Sheppard, D. C. Coburn, E. McManiman, W. L. Wells, S. S. Fish-Lay: F. C. Chambers, M. Yingling, W. Goucher, M. S. Fawcett, H. E. Moreland, C. Faust, Eli Yocum. Vebraska—Ministerial: J. E. Darby. Lay:

New York—Ministerial: A. B. Purdy.

New York—Ministerial: Jas. H. Clarke,
S. D. Sinkinson. Lay: Samuel M. Hall,
Charles A. Stewart.

New York—Ministerial: A. B. Purdy. New York—Ministerial: A. B. Purdy.
Lay: William Drury.
North Carolina—Ministerial: T. M. Johnson, C. H. Whitaker, W. A. Bunch, T. J.
Ogburn, J. F. McCulloh, R. M. Andrews, J.
D. Williams, C. A. Cecil, J. R. Hutton, Wm.
Porter. Lay: J. Norman Wills, S. R. Harris, W. P. Pickett, Dr. R. H. Speight, Dr.
I. N. McLean, A. M. Rankin, Prof. J. Allen
Holt, Chas. Ross, A. A. Hicks, L. Yarborough.

North Illinois Ministerial: Richard Pa North Missouri—Ministerial: Richard Pa-cey. Lay: J. S. Addis. North Missouri—Ministerial: T. L. Jef-fers. Lay: J. W. Fonda. Northwest Texas—Ministerial: J. B. Denton. Lay: O. L. Sweet. Ohio—Ministerial: A. L. Reynolds, J. E. Bailey, E. W. Price, C. H. Hubbard. Lay:

E. Curtis, Levi Falk, J. T. Reynolds, A. Hickle. Oklahoma—N. J. Sipe, G. W. Hoagland.
Onondaga—Ministerial: W. H. Bently.
Lay: Cyrus W. Waterman.
Oregon—Ministerial, T. P. Revelle; lay. Oregon-Mini

D. B. Horton.

Pennysivania—Ministerial, S. McClain;
lay, Steward Beers.
Pittsburg—Ministerial, W. H. Gladden, C.
F. Swift, George Shaffer, G. C. Sheppard,
B. W. Anthony; lay, R. R. Headley, F. K.
Brierly, James Irwin, George B. Brown, G.
B. Moore.

B. Moore.
South Carolina — Ministerial, J. M. Knowies; lay, Wilson McLaughlin.
South Illinois—Ministerial, John C. Coons; lay, Ida Van Meter.
Southeast Oklahoma—Ministerial, J. E. Bounds: lay, J. E. Clark.
Tennessee—Ministerial, S. O. Hooper; lay,

lay, J. C. Roane, M. L. Abbott, J. I. Swindler, Fred. Smith, J. B. Watson, J. W. Kidd, W. W. Tapp, G. W. Holeswade, U.

Program for This Evening. This evening Commissioner Macfarland will welcome the members of the conference on behalf of the city, and Rev. Dr. Ferguson, pastor of Wesley M. E. Church, will welcome them on behalf of the clergy of the city. The new president of the conference to be elected today will respond, as will other delegates appointed by him. It has been decided that the regular time for convening each morning during these sessions will be 9:30, and that at noon a recess be taken until 2 p.m.

ENDEAVORERS ADJOURN.

Election of Officers and Missionary

Rally Close Proceedings. With an election of officers and a missionary rally the twelfth annual convenion of the Methodist Protestant Christian Endeavor Union came to an end last evenng in the North Carolina Avenue M. P. Church, corner 8th and B streets southeast. There was a full attendance at the meeting last evening, and the conclusion of the sessions, which began Tuesday evening, was an occasion for the display of much enthu-

The new officers elected yesterday evening are: President, Rev. J. H. Strong, District of Columbia; vice president, Horace Link, Paris, Ill.; secretary and treasurer, Charles Hause, Indianapolis, Ind.; junior superintendent, J. C. Broomfield, Pitts-burg; missionary superintendent, J. S. Lee-

Executive committee—Rev. C. H. Hub-ble, Columbus, Ohio; Rev. Dr. J. F. Cowan, Boston, and Rev. G. D. Haddaway, Balti-more, together with the secretaries of the

church boards.

A memorial to the general convention of the church was drafted, asking it to sanction the appointment of a field secretary to look after Endeavor work in the Methodist Protestant churches of the country.

Next Annual Convention.

The place for holding the next annual convention was not decided by this convention, the matter being left in the hands of the executive committee, according to custom. It is said there is some talk of the next meeting being held in Baltimore at the time of the convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

The program of the meeting last evening included a short service of song, an address on "Christian Education" by Rev. T. H. Lewis, D.D., of Westminster, Md.; an address on "A Passion for Missions," by Don O. Shelton of New York, associate secretary of the Congregational Home Missions.

Don O. Shelton of New York, associate secretary of the Congregational Home Missionary Society, and a consecration service on the theme, "Whatever."

Many of the delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention, it is understood, will remain in the city several days to enjoy sightseeing, and to be present for a time during the general conference of the Methodist Protestant Church.

TITLE OF PROPERTY

LAND CONDEMNED NOT AFFECTED BY JUDGMENT LIENS.

Opinion of Assistant Corporation Counsel on the Subject-Other

Cases Affected.

The title of property acquired by the District under condemnation proceedings is not affected by prior judgment liens against such property. This is the substance of a legal opinion submitted to the Commissioners today by Assistant Corporation Counsel-A. Leftwich Sinclair. Considerable importance attaches to the opinion from the fact that the District auditor has under opinion has a direct bearing. The payment of money to former owners of property which had been condemned for the use of the District has been withheld for several months because of the doubt involved in connection with the effect of judgment liens against the property. The opening of several alleys, it is stated, has also been de-

ferred for the same reason.

The opinion of the assistant corporation counsel has been approved by Commissioner West, and the auditor will probably immediately take steps to pay over to the former owners of the land the amounts due them. The District will also proceed in a short time with the opening of certain alleys in various parts of the District. The specific case upon which the opinion is submitted is that connected with the conis submitted is that connected with the con-demnation of land in square No. 899 for the opening of an alley. A part of the land— part of lot 25—acquired by the District was owned by Leonard Geneste, who was awarded \$200 damages by the jury. Subse-quent to the condemnation proceedings it developed that at the time the verdict of the jury was rendered this piece of land was incumbered by nine judgments of rec-ord in the District Supreme Court, aggre-gating a sum much in excess of the value ord in the District Supreme Court, aggregating a sum much in excess of the value of the land taken from the tract owned by Mr. Geneste. The District auditor thereupon requested to be advised whether anything could be done to secure a good title to the land, and, if not, whether the failure to secure such title vitiates the entire proceedings. Also whether payments should be made to the remaining owners of property in the square whose land has been conder ned and to whom awards for damages have been made.

Mr. Sinclair's Views.

Mr. Sinclair states, in his opinion, that a careful examination of the authorities has convinced him that the condemnation proceedings referred to are in no wise affected by these judgments, and upon payment of the damages awarded by the jury for the land taken from lot 25, to the owner thereof, the District will take the property for the purpose for which it was condemned, discharged from the lien of the judgments mentioned.

In support of his opinion Mr. Sinclair cites a large number of decisions of eminent jurists relative to the effect of judgment liens. He quotes Mr. Mills, in his work on eminent domain, who says:

"A judgment creditor has a lien against land, but not an estate or proprietary interest in it. The lien is a creature of the

land, but not an estate or proprietary interest in it. The lien is a creature of the legislature, and may be abolished at any time; and a lien may be superseded by proceeding of condemnation had before the judgment had ripened into a title, • • • Interest the judgment creditor a lien on the real estate of the debtor relates solely to the remedy, and there can be no vested right in a remedy. The judgment creditor may have rights to the money paid, as between himself and the debtor, but on payment of the compensation to the owner of the land the title passes, free of liens."

owner of the land the title passes, free valiens."

Continuing, Mr. Sinclair says: "In Gimbel vs. Stolte, 59 Ind., 446, it was held that a proceeding by a city to condemn real estate for street purposes, is a proceeding against the owner thereof alone, and the holder of a simple judgment lien thereon is not entitled to notice thereof, and can-not redeem therefrom; and that land so condemned is taken by the city discharged from the lien of a previous judgment." His Conclusion.

A number of other decisions cited by Mr. Sinclair are to the same effect as those quoted. In concluding, he says:

"A perusal of sections 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612 and 1613 of the Code, under which the land in question was condemned, will show that only proceedings against the owners of the land to be condemned are contemplated. Notice is required to be given only to the 'proprietors' or owners, and it is clear, to my mind, that the damages awarded by the jury are to be paid only to the respective owners of the land taken "I am of the opinion that the cor

ments referred to, and that upon payment of the damages awarded by the jury for the land taken from lot 25, to the owner thereof title to the land will pass to the District of Columbia, free of judgment liens, as hereinbefore stated."

... King's Palace...

810-816 Seventh St.

715 Market Space.

Trimmed and Untrimmed 77 Hats, Worth \$1,\$1.50 & \$2, U

An exceptional Anniversary special for Saturday. Trimmed ready-to-wear and untrimmed Millinery. A showing of the smartest and newest summer modes. Untrimmed hats in plain and rough straw braids, plain colored and two-tone effects. All the smartest shapes. The ready-to-wears are in chiffon and braid; all colors. Hardly ever have you seen such hats priced lower than \$1, \$1.50 and \$2-Saturday, special, 37c.

Genuine Tuscan Hats; not only the tuscan shade, but genuine tuscan braid, in large, medium and small shapes; stylish flares and Gainsboroughs; the large brim and big crown sailors; the rolling brim turbans. Hats worth \$1.50 and \$2. Saturday.

Children's Rolling Brim Trimmed Sailors, with ribbon band and stream-

\$5.00 Trimmed Hats -Thirty-seven Hats! A small showing, but a big investment for any woman. Think hard—and you can't think of any good shape, material or trimming that is not represented in this showing of Five-dollar trimmed millinery at \$2.65.

(At Both Stores.)

\$2.50 Wash Waists

ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL: Another big purchase of Lawn and Madras Waists—for Anniversary Week. This lot includes white imported madras waists finely tailored and finished with large buttons. Other styles made of India linen and Persian lawn, some made bertha style with pointed yokes of dotted net and deep pointed bertha. In the lot are waists of pure linen, finished with pearl buttons. Not a waist worth less than \$1.50—many up to \$2.50. Anniversary price, 69c.

Wrappers Reduced.

ANNIVERSARY SPECIAL: Lot of Percale and Lawn Wrappers; made with flounce bottoms, waists nicely trimmed with bretelles and cape effects, trimmed with braid, some with lace; worth \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Anniversary price

Two Specials in Wash Garments. White Lawn, Linen and Black and Blue Polka Dot Summer Suits; nicely piped and trimmed waists and skirts, in self and color designs. Full blouse, placed nuff sleeves. Lot of Duck Skirts in plain black, black polka dot, blue polka dot and white. These are well made, self-

pleated, puff sleeves, with cuffs. Sizes 32 to 44. Worth \$5. Anniversary price...... (At Both Stores.)

Lot of Children's Drawers, good

quality, in all sizes up to 12 years; usually 19c. 1 1 1 2c.

Children's fine White Lawn Dresses;

French style waist; trimmed with embroldery and fine tucks; worth \$1. Anniver-49C.

sary price

full flare and good quality duck. Worth \$1.50 to \$2. Special.....

Sacrificing Children's Wear. Children's Percale Dresses; Mother Hubbard style; worth 15c.

25c. Anniversary price Children's Gowns, trimmed with ruffles; worth 50c. An-niversary price-sizes 1 to 4 25c.

drawing tape in neck and armholes; worth 12 1/2 c.

Special lot of Ladies' Silk Lace Lisle Hose; lace to the 25c.

Forty dozen Imported Black Lace

Hose; full regular made; lace all over

(At Main Store Only.)

Hosiery and Underwear. Pure Lisle Thread Vests, with silk

Odds and ends of Children's Ribbed Gauze Vests; drawing 5c. tape; worth Sc. Special...... One case of Swiss Ribbed Vests; low neck, with short sleeves, and mithout drawing tape in neck, for.

worth 121/2c. Special..... Swiss Ribbed Vests; lace trimming in neck and arm-holes; usually 15c. Special. (Main Store Cnly.)

and to the toe; worth 50c. Special, three pairs for a dol-35c. lar, or, each.

Reducing Corsets. Odds and ends of American Lady, W. B., R. and G. and Warner's Corsets, sold at \$1 and \$1.50. 59C.

Straight front Corsets, also girdles and Short Corsets, perfect fitting, trimmed with lace, cut from the \$1.00 models. Spe-49C.

20% Off All Parasols. A small assortment of sample Parasols, enough for one day's selling; pure silk coaching effects; straight, crooked, natural and fanselling; plack and white, blue and white, plain tan and chamoly handles; black and white, blue and white, plain tan and chamoly handles; black and checks. Regularly \$2 to \$2.50. Anniversary pagne in stripes and checks. Regularly \$2 to \$2.50. Anniversary

19c. Brush & Combs, 9c.

Blacks, white, shell and amber; dressing, back and fine combs. Eng-glish bristle tooth brushes. Good grade hair brushes. Two-string large-size whisk brushes. Nickel frame mirrors. Any article worth 19c.—Saturday, 9c. (Main Store Only.)

19c. Belts, 10c. Misses' and Children's New Buster Brown Patent Leather Belts; tan, red, brown, black and white. Extra large sizes. Usually 19c. Saturday, 10c. sizes. Usually 19c. (Main Store Only.)

49c. Hand Bags, 25c. Peggy from Paris Hand Bags, made of one piece leather: tan, gray, brown and black, with nickel mountings and inside pocket. Usually 49c. Special

(Main Store Only.) 25c. Gloves, 11c. Summer-weight Lisie Gloves, in shades of tan, mode, gray, brown summer-weight liste Gloves, in shades of tan, mode, gray, brown, black and white. All sizes. Worth 25c. Special, 11c. (Main Store Only.)

Handkerchiefs.

Lot of Sheer Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, with neat 276c.

Ladies' and Men's Handkerchiefs; lace, embroidery and hemstitched borders. Men's handkerchiefs have ¼ to 1-inch border. 478C. (Main Store Only.)

98c. Collars, 49c.

Ladies' and Children's New Summer tion, lace and accord on pleating. White, light blue and 49c. (Main Store Only.)

19c. Veilings, 9c.

CONTROLLER'S OPINION

SHALL PAY OF CORONER'S JURIES BE \$2 OR \$3 PER DAY.

He Suggests a Case Be Made Up and Submitted to Proper

Court.

The controller of the treasury has sent to the District Commissioners the following opinion regarding the pay of coroner's jurors in the District:

"I have received, by your reference, a communication to you dated April 28, 1904, from the auditor of the District of Columbia. You request my decision upon the question presented by him, viz.: As to whether or not the fees to which jurors in attendance on inquests held by the coroner of the District of Columbia are entitled are \$2 per day or \$3 per day.

"The act of March 3, 1901 (31 Stat., 1221). section 195 of the Code of the District of Columbia, provides that: 'There shall be paid to the jurors and witnesses who may be lawfully summoned in any inquest the same fees and compensation as are allowed to the jurors and witnesses attending

the Supreme Court. A coroner's jury shall consist of six persons.'
"Section 1115 of said act and said Code (81 Stat., 1267) provides: 'Jurors' fees—For actual attendance at court, \$2 a day during

such attendance."
"The act of June 21, 1902 (32 Stat., 306), entitled 'An act to fix the fees of jurors in the United States courts,' provides that: 'On and after the passage of this act the per diem pay of each juror, grand and petit, in any court of the United States, shall be \$3 a day instead of \$2 a day as now

States' within the meaning of the act of June 21, supra; if so, jurors in attendance thereon are entitled to \$3 a day instead of \$2 as theretofore, and those in attendance on inquests before the coroner to a like sum, section 195 of the Code, supra, being in my judgment prospective in its operations, and assimilating the fees of jurors in attendance before the coroner to those which the jurors in attendance before the Supreme Court of the District receive.
"The act of March 3, 1901 (31 Stat., 1221).

section 61 of the District Code, provides that the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia 'shall possess the same powers and exercise the same jurisdiction as the and exercise the same jurisdiction as the circuit and district courts of the United States, and shall be deemed a court of the United States, and shall also have and exercise all the jurisdiction possessed and exercised by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia' at the date of the passage of this code.

"The above act became effective January 1992 As to whether or not in the sub-

1, 1902. As to whether or not in the sub-sequent act of June 21, 1802, supra, 1eferring to courts of the United States gen-erally, the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia is 'a court of the United States' in the constitutional sense of the word is not in my opinion material. Congress has expressly said in section 61 above quoted that it shall be 'deemed a court of the United States.' To be 'deemed' is to be 'regarded as being,' 'adjudged as a con-clusion,' 'decreed,' 'decided,' or 'held as an opinion' so to be. (See Century Dictionary: also Bouvier's Law Dictionary). The words 'in any court of the United States' in the act of June 21, supra, must therefore be 'deemed' or held to include the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

As to Coroner's Juries.

"The question as to whether section 195, of the code, supra, is prospective in its operations, however, and assimilates the fees of jurors in attendance before the coroner to those which jurors may receive in the Supreme Court of the District after its passage, as well as to those which they are receiving at the time of its passage,

hereinbefore stated."

Shall be \$3 a day instead of \$2 a day as now provided by law.'

Charles B. Thomson, who was arrested at Philadelphia charged with being a fugitive from Indiana, where he is wanted for alleged perjury and larceny, is held to whether the Supreme Court of the District up and submitted to the proper court for the Court of the District up and submitted to the proper court for the Court of the District up and submitted to the proper court for the Court of the District up and submitted to the proper court for the Court of the District the determination then is the court of the District up and submitted to the proper court for the Court of the District the determination the District up and submitted to the proper court for the District the determination the District the determination the District the determination the District that the determination the District the determination the District that the District the District that the Distr